## What the Chairman does

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\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \text { Item } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Purpose } \\
\\
\hline\end{array} \begin{array}{l}\text { The Chairman (never described in the gender-neutral form) is in } \\
\text { charge during council meetings; this is an office created by legislation } \\
\text { commanding respect. } \\
\text { The chairman is elected at the Annual Meeting of the Council for one } \\
\text { year. Chairmen have a duty to ensure that council meetings run } \\
\text { smoothly, that all business is properly considered and all councillors } \\
\text { who wish to speak can do so. It is good practice for the chairman to } \\
\text { refer to the clerk for advice. The chairman has few special powers. } \\
\text { For instance, it is unlawful for a council to delegate decision making to } \\
\text { any individual councillor and the chairman is no different. } \\
\text { However, when a vote is tied, the chairman may use a second, or } \\
\text { casting vote. The chairman often enjoys a special relationship with } \\
\text { the public, especially in a town where the chairman is also the mayor. } \\
\text { It is the chairman who leads the Annual Town or Parish Meeting } \\
\text { (remember, this is not a council meeting) and opens the fête, or } \\
\text { welcomes official visitors from abroad. This is one reason why the } \\
\text { chairman can receive an allowance to support this important public } \\
\text { role. If a local council resolves to do so, councillors can also claim an } \\
\text { allowance, taking into consideration the level recommended by the } \\
\text { principal council's independent remuneration panel. }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { Legal basis } & \begin{array}{l}\text { The Local Government Act 1972 (Section 15) requires a Chairman to } \\
\text { be elected each year at the Annual Meeting of the Parish Council. }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { Importance to you } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Chairmen have a duty to ensure that council meetings run smoothly, } \\
\text { that all business is properly considered and all councillors who wish to } \\
\text { speak can do so. Itthough most public meetings run informally, it's } \\
\text { still polite to address any questions you have through the Chairman. }\end{array} \\
\hline \text { Key Points } & \begin{array}{l}\text { If you would like to be nominated for the post of Chairman, there is no } \\
\text { need to give advance notice. At the Annual Council Meeting (see the } \\
\text { Calendar included with this pack), the outgoing Chairman will ask for } \\
\text { nominations. You can nominate yourself, and you will need someone } \\
\text { to second your nomination. It is good practice to sound out who your } \\
\text { seconder will be before the meeting starts. }\end{array}
$$ <br>
If there is more than one nomination, the Chairman will ask the Clerk <br>
to distribute ballot papers. Just indicate who you choose, and the <br>
Clerk will total the votes. In the event of a tie, the outgoing Chairman <br>
will decide. If the outgoing Chairman has been nominated, they can <br>

use their casting vote to choose themselves.\end{array}\right\}\)| Is the chair of the council and councillors |
| :--- |
| Must run the meeting when they are present |
| Has the casting vote in case of a tied vote |
| May call Extraordinary General Meetings |
| Elected by other councillors at a public meeting |


|  | Fixed term appointment (one year) <br> Liaises with clerk over production of the agenda <br> Signs the minutes |
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| Notes | Accessibility If you need this document in paper format, please contact the Clerk's <br> Office <br> Reference CD QG Chair <br> Prepared 18 Feb 2021 $\mathbf{l}$ |
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